CHEMICAL HERITAGE FOUNDATION

ARTHUR ROCK

BECKMAN HERITAGE PROJECT

Transcript of an Interview Conducted by

David C. Brock

at

San Francisco, California

on

9 October 2002

(With Subsequent Corrections and Additions)

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

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This project is made possible through the generosity of The Arnold and Mabel Beckman Foundation.

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ARTHUR ROCK

1926	Born in Rochester, New York on 19 August
	Education
1948 1951	B.S., finance and political science, Syracuse University M.B.A., Harvard Business School
	Professional Experience
1948-1949	Vick Chemical Company Accounting Department
1951-1956	Wertheim and Company
1956-1961	Hayden, Stone, & Company
1961-1968	Davis & Rock General Partner
1961-1994	Teledyne, Inc. Director
1962-1969	Scientific Data Systems, Inc. Chairman of the Board
1968-present	Arthur Rock and Company Founder and Principal
1968-1974 1968-1999 1974-1980	Intel Corporation Chairman of the Board Director Vice-Chairman of the Board
1980-1993	Apple Computer, Inc. Director
1994-1999	Air Touch Communications Director

Honors

1987	Medal of Achievement of the American Electronics Association and the
	American Academy of Achievement
1995	California Business Hall of Fame
1997	Arents Pioneer Medal of Syracuse University
1999	Lifetime Achievement in Entrepreneurship & Innovation Award form the
	University of California
1999	Private Equity Hall of Fame
2001	Software Development Forum's Visionary Award
2002	Business Leader of the Year, Harvard Business School Association of
	Northern California

ABSTRACT

Arthur Rock begins the interview with a discussion of his family and educational background. In 1944, Rock joined the United States Army. After World War II, Rock attended Syracuse University, and then continued on to Harvard Business School. After his schooling, Rock began to work on Wall Street and discovered that he had an interest and affinity for business in technology. At Hayden Stone and Company he worked in the corporate department to establish technological companies such as General Transistor. In the late 1950s, Rock received a letter from Eugene Kleiner that sparked his interest. He met the "Traitorous Eight," from Shockley Semiconductor and the wheels of venture capitalism were set in motion. Rock's ambitions for the group were so radical that thirty-five companies declined them financial backing before Sherman Fairchild invested what was needed to start Fairchild Semiconductor. After this, Rock moved from his home in New York to San Francisco in 1961, where he formed Davis & Rock, a firm that lasted for seven years, with Thomas Davis. This pioneering venture capital firm met with great success, creating other semiconductor firms, such as Teledyne Technologies, Inc. Rock reflects on the growing connection between semiconductors and computers and then the decision of Robert N. Noyce and Gordon E. Moore to leave Fairchild in order to form Intel Corporation, of which he was the first chairman of the board of directors. Rock concludes the interview by reflecting on his own innovations.

INTERVIEWER

David C. Brock is senior research fellow at the Chemical Heritage Foundation. In 1995 he received his M.A. in the history of science from Princeton University, and in 1992 he earned an M.Sc. in the sociology of scientific knowledge from the University of Edinburgh.

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