# CHEMICAL HERITAGE FOUNDATION

# THE TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT: FROM THE PERSPECTIVE OF CHARLES M. AUER

Transcript of Interviews Conducted by

Jody A. Roberts and Kavita D. Hardy

in

Washington, D.C.

on

23 April 2010

(With Subsequent Corrections and Additions)

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# **CHARLES M. AUER**

| 1952         | Born in Baltimore, Maryland on 18 June  |
|--------------|---|
|              | Education   |
| 1974         | B.S., Biochemistry, University of Maryland, College Park                                      |
|              | Professional Experience   |
|              | U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C.  |
| 1976-1985    | Staff chemist, Office of Toxic Substances   |
| 1985-1988    | Section Chief, Metabolism and Structure Activity Section, Office<br>of Toxic Substances       |
| 1985-1988    | Branch Chief, New Chemicals Assessment Branch, Office of<br>Toxic Substances                  |
| 1988-1989    | Deputy Director, Health and Environmental Review Division,<br>Office of Toxic Substances      |
| 1989-1992    | Director, Existing Chemical Assessment Division, Office of<br>Pollution Prevention and Toxics |
| 1992-2002    | Director, Chemical Control Division, Office of Pollution<br>Prevention and Toxics             |
| 2002-2009    | Director, Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics   |
| 2009-Present | Charles Auer and Associates, Poolesville, Maryland<br>President                               |
| 2009-Present | Bergeson & Campbell, P.C., Washington, D.C.<br>Affiliate                                      |
|              | Honors  |
| 1979         | Bronze Medal for Commendable Service, U.S. Environmental Protection<br>Agency                 |
| 1981         | Bronze Medal for Commendable Service, U.S. Environmental Protection<br>Agency                 |
| 1983         | Bronze Medal for Commendable Service, U.S. Environmental Protection<br>Agency                 |

1985 Dr. Joseph Seifter Memorial Award in Toxicology, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

| 1987 | Bronze Medal for Commendable Service, U.S. Environmental Protection<br>Agency  |
|------|--|
| 1989 | Dr. Joseph Seifter Memorial Award in Regulatory Science, U.S.<br>Environmental Protection Agency                                 |
| 1989 | Bronze Medal for Commendable Service, U.S. Environmental Protection<br>Agency  |
| 1989 | Lee M. Thomas Excellence in Management Award, U.S. Environmental<br>Protection Agency  |
| 1991 | Bronze Medal for Commendable Service, U.S. Environmental Protection<br>Agency  |
| 1994 | Bronze Medal for Commendable Service, U.S. Environmental Protection<br>Agency  |
| 2008 | Award for Sustained Outstanding Contributions to International<br>Environmental Protection, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency |
| 2008 | Presidential Rank Award, Meritorious Executive, Senior<br>Executive Service  |
| 2008 | Gold Medal, Distinguished Career Service Award, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency   |

#### ABSTRACT

**Charles M. Auer** joined the EPA's Office of Toxic Substances, before the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) was passed, as an entry level chemist doing screening-level risk assessments. He was the first chair of the Structure Activity Team, which was responsible for developing structure activity relationship (SAR) analysis as a method for evaluating new chemicals. While it was clear to Auer that there was never any question that SAR satisfied the legal requirements of TSCA's Section 4 premanufacture review, he witnessed several studies to verify the validity of SAR results, including a joint effort between the EPA and European Union in the early 1990s. By this time Auer was Director of the Existing Chemical Assessment Division, where SARs were not as heavily relied upon. As a division director, Auer found it difficult to prioritize existing chemicals, primarily because Inventory Update Rules were not issued to collect changing hazard and exposure information; the EPA attempted other, more voluntary methods to collect data, to varying degrees of success.

Auer believes that the Office has been very innovating, adjusting to emerging science on toxicity and applying TSCA while staying within its legal limits, and that the key to an effective toxics program is to be as dynamic as the chemical industry.

#### **INTERVIEWERS**

**Jody A. Roberts** is the Associate Director for the Center for Contemporary History and Policy and the Manager of the Environmental History and Policy Program at the Chemical Heritage Foundation. Roberts received his Ph.D. and M.S. in Science and Technology Studies from Virginia Tech and holds a B.S. in Chemistry from Saint Vincent College. His research focuses on the intersections of regulation, innovation, environmental issues, and emerging technologies within the chemical sciences.

**Kavita D. Hardy** is a research assistant in the Environmental History and Policy Program at the Chemical Heritage Foundation. She received a B.A. in Chemistry and Economics from Swarthmore College.

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