CHEMICAL HERITAGE FOUNDATION

DOUGLAS R. KELLOGG

The Pew Scholars Program in the Biomedical Sciences

Transcript of an Interview Conducted by

William Van Benschoten

at

University of California, Santa Cruz Santa Cruz, California

on

13 and 17 January 2005

From the Original Collection of the University of California, Los Angeles

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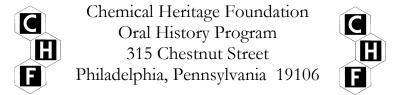
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DOUGLAS R. KELLOGG

1960	Born in St. Paul, Minnesota
1982 1991	Education B.S., Biochemistry, University of Wisconsin, Madison Ph.D., Cell Biology, University of California, San Francisco, Ph.D.
Professional Experience	
1991-94	University of California, San Francisco Postdoctoral Fellow, Laboratory of Dr. Andrew Murray,
1995-00 2000-present	University of California, Santa Cruz Assistant Professor, Associate Professor
<u>Honors</u>	
1981-1982 1991	Knapp Fellowship for Undergraduate Research Larry Sandler Memorial Lecture/Outstanding Graduate Thesis, <i>Drosophila</i> Research Conference
1991-1994	Helen Hay Whitney Postdoctoral Research Fellowship
1996-1999	American Cancer Society Junior Faculty Research Award
1998-2000	University of California Biotechnology Training Program (Grant shared between four labs.)
1998-2002	Pew Scholar in the Biomedical Sciences

Selected Publication

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ABSTRACT

Douglas R. Kellogg grew up in St. Paul, Minnesota, the second oldest of four children. He had an early interest in reading, and took classes with several influential teachers. Kellogg first chose the University of Minnesota for his undergraduate studies, but after a summer job in Alaska, he transferred to University of Wisconsin, Madison. He always had an interest in and affinity for biology; between undergraduate and graduate school, Kellogg worked as a lab technician on *Drosophila* genetics, influencing the path of his future research interests and studies. There was no doubt in his mind that he would become a biologist.

Kellogg chose to attend the University of California, San Francisco to pursue his graduate degree, working in Bruce M. Alberts's laboratory studying pattern formation in *Drosophila* embryo cytoskeleton. After completing his doctoral degree, he decided to stay in San Francisco for a postdoctoral position with Andrew W. Murray and researched the role of mitotic cyclin in coordination of cell growth and cell division. After his postdoc, Kellogg took a position at the University of California, Santa Cruz, where his research has focused on cell-signaling biochemistry in the coordination, division, and regulation of cell growth. In the interview, he spoke at length about the makeup of his lab and how he manages and teaches in the lab. Kellogg also reflects upon the role of technology, critical inquiry, competition, collaborationand creativity in his research and in his science in general. The interview concludes with a discussion of the role of the scientist in educating the public about science, and how this factors in to setting his own and the national scientific agenda; he also offers advice for beginning scientists, and reflects on his favorite scientific papers.

UCLA INTERVIEW HISTORY

INTERVIEWER:

William Van Benschoten, Interviewer, UCLA Oral History Program; B.A., History, University of California, Riverside, 1990; M.A., History, University of California, Riverside, 1991; C.Phil., History, University of California, Los Angeles, 1995.

TIME AND SETTING OF INTERVIEW:

Place: Kellogg's office at the University of California, Santa Cruz.

Dates of sessions: January 13, 2005; January 17, 2005.

Total number of recorded hours: 3.5

Persons present during interview: Kellogg and Van Benschoten.

CONDUCT OF INTERVIEW:

This interview is one in a series with Pew Scholars in the Biomedical Sciences conducted by the UCLA Oral History Program in conjunction with the Pew Charitable Trusts's Pew Scholars in the Biomedical Sciences Oral History and Archives Project. The project has been designed to document the backgrounds, education, and research of biomedical scientists awarded four-year Pew scholarships since 1988.

To provide an overall framework for project interviews, the director of the UCLA Oral History Program and three UCLA faculty project consultants developed a topic outline. In preparing for this interview, Van Benschoten held a telephone preinterview conversation with Kellogg to obtain written background information (curriculum vitae, copies of published articles, etc.) and agree on an interviewing schedule. He also reviewed documentation in Kellogg's file at the Pew Scholars Program office in San Francisco, including Kellogg's proposal application, letters of recommendation, and reviews by Pew Scholars Program national advisory committee members.

ORIGINAL EDITING:

Carol Squires edited the interview. She checked the verbatim transcript of the interview against the original tape recordings, edited for punctuation, paragraphing, and spelling, and verified proper names. Words and phrases inserted by the editor have been bracketed.

Kellogg reviewed the transcript. He verified proper names and made minor corrections and additions.

Carol Squires prepared the table of contents and TechniType Transcripts compiled the guide to proper names.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1

Growing up in St. Paul, Minnesota. Family background. Parents. Siblings. Childhood interests and experiences. Early schooling. Influential teachers. Interest in reading. Attending high school. Qualities of a good teacher.

College and Graduate School

22

Religion. Attends the University of Minnesota. Transfers to the University of Wisconsin, Madison. Extracurricular activities in high school. College experiences. Attends graduate school at University of California, San Francisco (UCSF). Graduate program at UCSF. Defining moment in a lecture by Marc W. Kirschner. Works in developmental cell biology in Bruce M. Alberts's laboratory studying pattern formation in the *Drosophila* embryo cytoskeleton.

Postdoctoral Work and Becoming Faculty

41

Postdoctoral fellowship with Andrew W. Murray at University of California, San Francisco. Murray's laboratory management style. Postdoctoral research on the role of mitotic cyclin in coordination of cell growth and cell division. Accepts a position at University of California, Santa Cruz (UCSC). Setting up his laboratory. Funding history. Grant-writing process. Writing journal articles. Research in cell-signaling biochemistry in coordination of cell growth and division and the regulation of cell growth. Future research in cell signaling. Tenure at UCSC. Teaching responsibilities. Administrative duties. Laboratory management style. Leisure activities. Pew Scholars Program in the Biomedical Sciences.

Science and Scientific Practice

73

Competition and collaboration in science. Patents. Interest in the history of science. National scientific agenda. Role of the scientist in educating the public about science. Privatization of scientific research. Gender. Bringing underrepresented groups into science. Advice for beginning scientists. Favorite scientific papers.

Index 96

INDEX

F A African Americans, 90 Fargo, 2 Alaska, 25, 26 Ferrell, James E., Jr., 93 Alberts, Bruce, 39, 40, 41, 43, 44, 53, 54, Field, Christine M., 42 56, 80, 84 Finns, 37 Alzheimer's disease, 5 G American Cancer Society, 64 Annual Biomedical Research Conference grants/funding, 44, 53, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, for Minority Students, 91 67, 69, 72, 73, 75, 76, 77, 82, 83 Asilomar, California, 39 Gygi, Steven P., 77 B H biochemistry, 27, 33, 42, 45, 47, 56, 70 Hartwell, Leland H., 93 Bishop, J. Michael, 39 Harvard Medical School, 77 Boston, Massachusetts, 45, 70 Hazan, Marcella, 71 Boy Scouts of America, 27 Hewlett Packard, 11 Bush, President George W., 84 history of science, 79 Hitler, Adolf, 18 \mathbf{C} HIV. See human immunodeficiency virus Cadillac Desert, 19 Howard Hughes Medical Investigator, 67 Huckleberry Finn, 16, 17 California, 3, 30, 85 Camus, Albert, 16 human immunodeficiency virus, 41 Captain Ahab, 8 Humphrey, vice President Hubert H., Jr., 3 Carnegie Mellon University, 48 I cell cycle, 47, 55, 81, 93 Cold War, 18 India, 88 collaboration, 77, 78 **Initiative for Minority Student** competition, 35, 76, 77 Development, 57, 90 creativity, 62, 68, 74, 75, 76 Into Thin Air, 17 Crick, Francis H.C., 79 cyclins, 47, 50 J Johns Hopkins University, 81 D Joyce, James, 16 DNA, 28, 35, 39, 79, 80, 81 Judson, Horace, 28 Drosophila, 37, 40, 41, 42, 43, 46 K \mathbf{E} Kafka, Franz, 94 Eighth Day of Creation, 28, 29, 79 Keillor, Garrison, 3 Elvehjem Museum, 34 Kirschner, Marc W., 39, 44, 92

enzymology, 61

Krakauer, Jon, 17

 \mathbf{L}

Lake Superior, 7 Latinos, 90 Latker, Carole, 83 Los Angeles, California, 19

\mathbf{M}

Madison, Wisconsin, 2, 25, 27, 28, 31, 32, 33, 34, 36, 37, 49 mass spectrometry, 77, 79 Melville, Herman, 93 Metamorphosis, 94 Mexican, 88 Michigan, 36, 37 Microbiology of the Cell, 40, 43, 81 Microbiology of the Gene, 29 microtubules, 42, 47, 81 Midwestern, 2, 9, 10, 11, 36, 52 Miller, Kathryn G., 42 Minden, John, 44 Minnesota, 2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 11, 20, 29, 33, 36 Minority Biomedical Research Support program, 57 Mississippi River, 1, 11 Mitcheson, Timothy J., 42 mitosis, 55 Moby Dick, 16, 93, 94 Mondale, Vice President Walter, 3 Moser, Barry, 16 Mulholland, William, 19 Murray, Andrew W., 45, 46, 47, 50, 53, 56, 57

N

NASA. See National Aeronautics and Space Administration National Academy of Sciences, 84 National Aeronautics and Space Administration, 83 National Institutes of Health, 53, 57, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 73, 75, 83, 87, 90 National Rifle Association, 5 National Science Foundation, 64

New Yorker, The, 18, 28, 29

NIH. See National Institutes of Health, See

National Institutes of Health

Nobel Prize, 84

Northwest Airlines, 11

Northwestern University, 48, 49

Norwegian, 3, 4

NRA. See National Rifle Association

NSF. See National Science Foundation

0

Owens Valley, California, 19

P

patents, 78
Perutz, Max F., 79
Pew Charitable Trusts, 53, 85
Science and Society Institute, 85
Pew Scholars Program in the Biomedical
Sciences, 45, 57, 67, 72, 73, 77, 78
Philippines, 88
Prairie Home Companion, A, 3
protein affinity chromatography, 80
publishing/publication, 6, 50, 66, 69, 77, 92

R

Raff, Martin C., 40 Reisner, Marc, 19 religion, 24 Presbyterian, 25 Russia/Russian, 18, 88

S

San Diego, California, 11
San Fernando Valley, California, 18
San Francisco, California, 41, 70
Santa Cruz, California, 34
Sargasso Sea, 81
Scandinavian, 4, 10, 20
Schrödinger, Erwin, 79
Schwarzenegger, Governor Arnold, 30
Seattle, Washington, 49
serendipity, 60

Shapiro, Bert, 83
Shokat, Kevan, 77
South Dakota, 10
Spain, 71
spectrin, 41
St. Paul, Minnesota, 1, 2, 3, 10
Stalin, Joseph, 18
Stalingrad, 17, 18
Stalingrad, Russia, 17
Stanford University, 85
Steep & Brew Coffeehouse, 31
Sullivan, William, 44
Swedish, 3, 4
Switzerland, 88

\mathbf{T}

technology, 38, 61, 79, 80 microarrays, 61, 79 tenure, 58 Terrace, 31, 32, 34 *Tom Sawyer*, 17 Tower, Minnesota, 36 Tucson, Arizona, 48 Twain, Mark (Samuel Clemens), 16

U

U.S. Food and Drug Administration, 87
U.S. Forest Service, 25
U.S. Immigration and Naturalization Service, 88
UCLA. See University of California, Los Angeles
UCSF. See University of California, San Francisco
Under the Banner of Heaven, 17
United Kingdom, 88
United States of America, 88, 89 University of Arizona, 48
University of California, 1, 23, 27, 30, 44, 57, 64
University of California, Berkeley, 16, 27, 38
University of California, Los Angeles, 29, 32, 58
University of California, San Diego, 77
University of California, San Francisco, 38, 39, 44, 48, 50, 53, 58
University of California, Santa Barbara, 48
University of California, Santa Cruz, 23, 48, 57, 85
University of Minnesota, 25, 28, 33
University of Wisconsin, 25, 27, 49

\mathbf{V}

Varmus, Harold E., 39 Ventura, Governor Jesse, 3

W

Walter, Peter, 3, 44
Washington, D.C., 63
Watson, James D., 29, 79
Wee1, 55
What is Life, 79
Wind River, 27
World War II, 17, 18
D-Day, 18
Wyoming, 27

Y

Yates, John, 77

 ${\bf Z}$

Zatz, Marion, 83